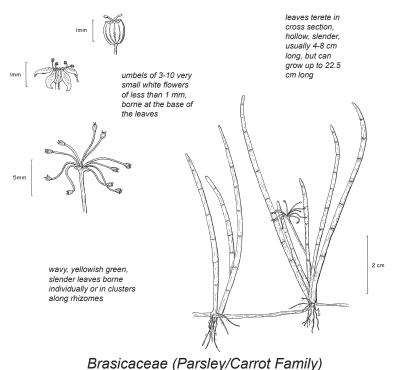
var. recurva

Herbaceous, semi-aquatic to aquatic perennial



**Phenology:** primarily reproducing vegetatively through rhizomes; flowering in June through August; ellipsoid fruits July through September.

**Management Responsibility:** BLM (Tucson Field Office), USFS (Coronado NF), DoD-US Army (Ft. Huachuca), FWS (San Bernardino NWR), AZ State Park Dept, private.

Synonym: Lilaeopsis recurva A.W. Hill

**Similar Species:** can be confused with various members of the spikerush (*Eleocharis*) genus, except that *Lilaeopsis* is hollow, with septa and the plants are somewhat sinuous.

**Notes:** sometimes referred to as Cienega False Rush. Extirpations have occurred from loss or degradation of aquatic habitat; numbers can be reduced by scouring floods; ongoing monitoring activities by BLM and the USFS (Coronado NF) and TNC.

References: Affolter, 1985. AGFD, 1997r. Falk and Warren, 1994. Warren et al, 1991 and 1989.

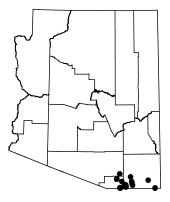


Lilaeopsis schaffneriana var. recurva

Habitat: shallow water, saturated soil near perennial seeps, springs and streams, 4,000-6,500 ft (1220-1982 m) elevation.



Peter Warren/TNC



Range: Huachuca Mountains, Canelo Hills, headwaters of the Santa Cruz east to Black Draw, San Pedro; also found in Rio Sonora, Rio Bavispe, Sonora Mexico.