

Phenology: flowering late August to October.

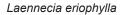
Management Responsibility: USFS (Coronado NF).

Synonym: Erigeron eriophyllus A. Gray

Similar Species: this species is more densely pubescent than other composites in the area. *Gnaphalium arizonicum*, which has less size difference between the upper and lower leaves and lacks the dark brown revolute leaf margins.

Notes: this species is known from just ten locations in Arizona. Populations are typically small, with several sites supporting less than forty plants. Annual variation in population size seems to be related to rainfall.

References: Gray, 1853. Phillips, A.M. III., 1980.

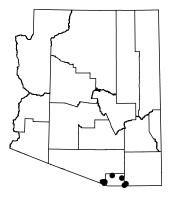




Habitat: gravelly soil of rocky slopes and ridges, grassland and open oak woodland, 4,300-5,400 ft (1310-1650 m) elevation.



STS



Range: Santa Rita, Atascosa, and Huachuca mountains and Sonoita Creek; also found in Chihuahua, Mexico.