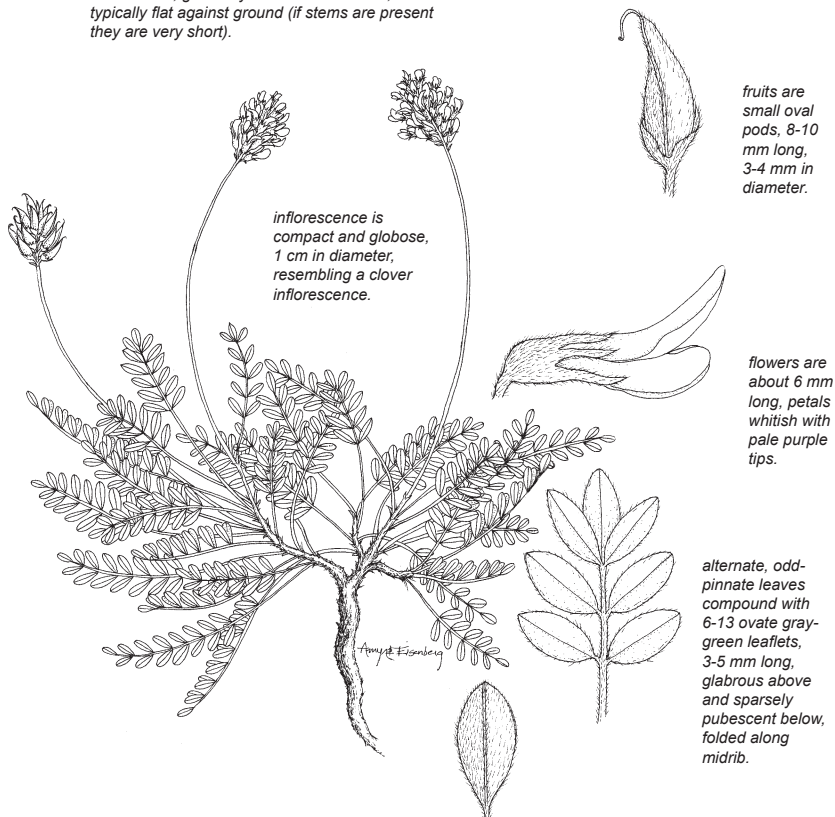


Herbaceous perennial forming compact rosette of branches, generally <10 cm in diameter, typically flat against ground (if stems are present they are very short).



Fabaceae (Pea Family)

Phenology: flowering March-April, with fruits into June.

Management Responsibility: USFS (Coronado NF).

Synonym: *Hamosa hypoxyla* (S. Watson) Rydb.

Similar Species: dense "head-like" inflorescence with mat forming growth distinguish this species from other *Astragalus* in the area.

Notes: much potential habitat has been surveyed without finding the species; limited monitoring data suggest that the small populations (300-700 individuals) undergo large fluctuations in numbers due to drought, wet winters and habitat degradation caused by livestock grazing and recreation.

References: AGFD, 1998f. Falk and Warren, 1994. Gori et al, 1990.



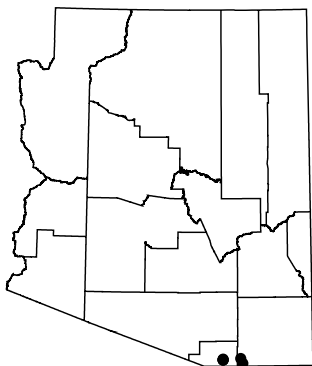
Peter Warren/TNC

Astragalus hypoxylus

Habitat: open, rocky clearings in oak-juniper-pinyon woodland on hillsides and along drainages; clearings generally unshaded with south- to southwest-facing exposures, 5,300-6,200 ft (1615-1890 m) elevation. Substrate is loosely consolidated, very gravelly limestone/metamorphic mix.



TNC



Range: Huachuca and Patagonia mountains.